

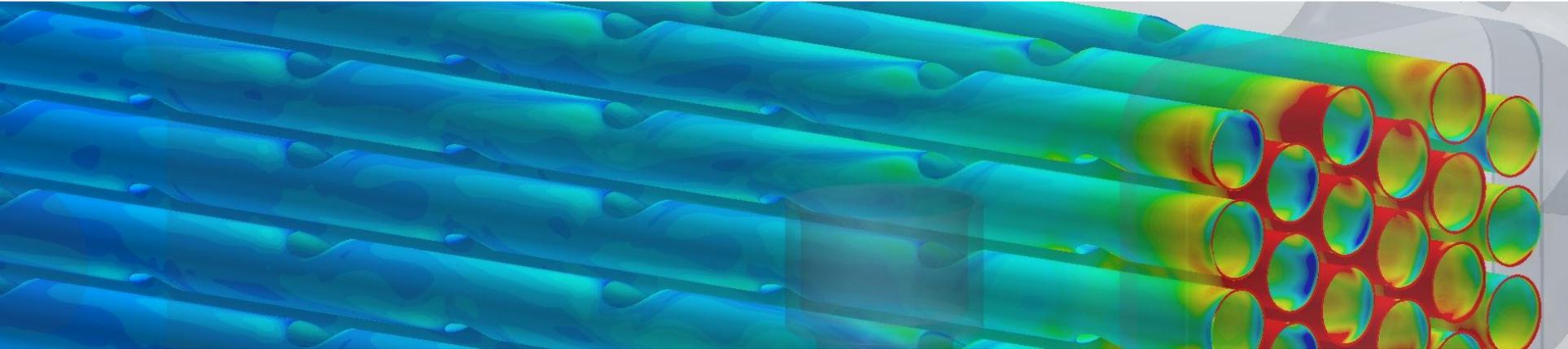


2012 CONFERENCE

Steigenberger Hotel, Frankfurt/Main Airport

INTEGRATED
DESIGN
ANALYSIS
GmbH

InDesA



Virtual Bench Testing of Ancillary Components to Populate GT-ISE Objects for OEM Library

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Dr. Fabiano Bet

Frankfurt, 22 October, 2012

Company Profile

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InDesA

Consulting- &
Engineering Services

Simulation and Analysis
of complex fluid flow and heat
transfer systems
for engineering and industrial
applications



- **Engine & Vehicle Thermal Management**
- **Heat Exchanger Thermal Analysis**
- **Pumps / Fans / Turbomachinery Flow and Thermal Analysis**
- **Aerodynamics and AeroAcoustics**
and more ...

3D CFD/CHT Analysis



1D System Analysis

GT-SUITE

Virtual Bench Testing to Populate GT Objects

What to expect?

We want to give answers to:

Why is virtual testing beneficial to the virtual creation process?

How can Supplier and OEM better interact building up a simulation environment in GT-SUITE?

We want to demonstrate:

How to speed up the simulation process with virtual bench testing.

How to improve the quality of input data for multi-physics system simulation in *GT-SUITE*!

... for a pipe bundle EGR Cooler

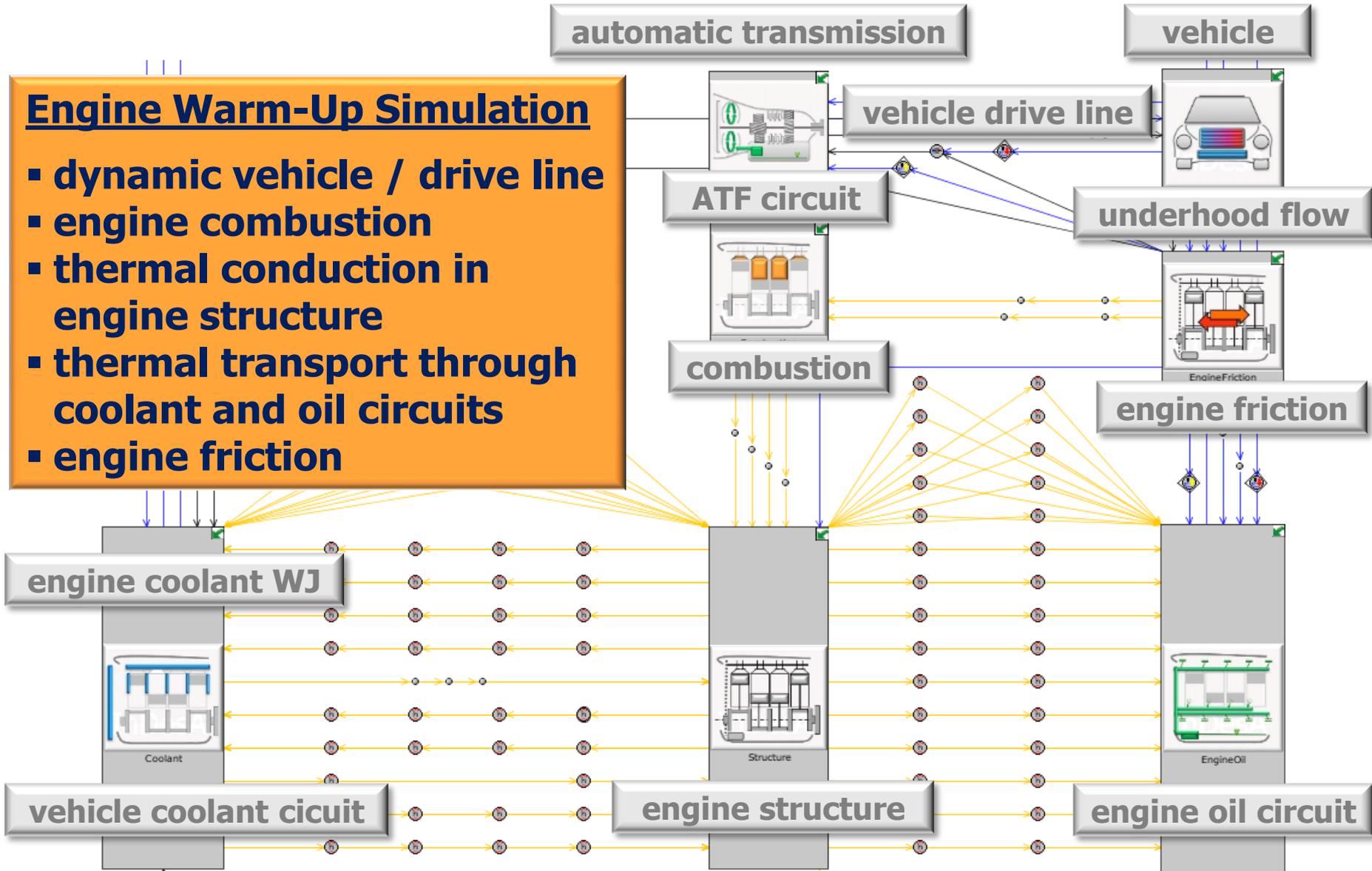
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Example for Multi-Physics System Application

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Engine Warm-Up Simulation

- dynamic vehicle / drive line
- engine combustion
- thermal conduction in engine structure
- thermal transport through coolant and oil circuits
- engine friction



Virtual Bench Testing to Populate GT Objects Engine Warm-Up Simulation

Engine warm-up simulation is a typical OEM application

- for the prediction of fuel consumption for warm-up drive cycles.
- for the assessment of thermal management and friction reduction techniques.

About 2500 parts need to be specified!

- Geometry from CAD data** 
- Physical properties**
 - from physical bench testing
 - from virtual bench testing 
- ❖ **Internal data (OEM)**
- ❖ **Supplier data** 

⇒ **data hunting takes considerable amount of time**

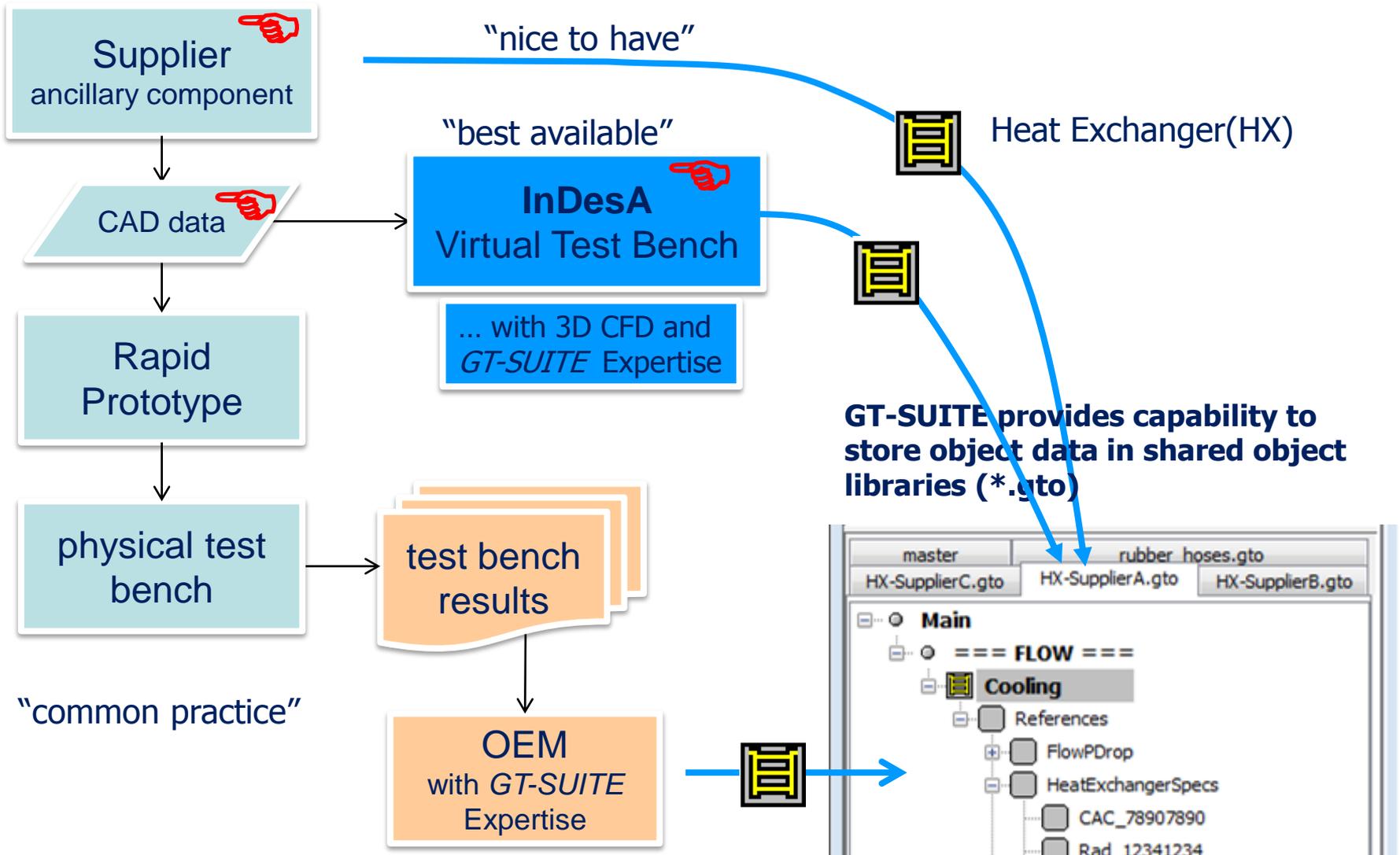


The diagram shows a hierarchical structure of engine simulation components. At the top is 'Combustion', which is linked to 'EngineFriction'. Below 'EngineFriction' is a large table listing various parts and their counts. The table has a blue header and blue rows. The components are listed in descending order of count.

Total Number of Parts	2457
Components	989
Connections	1468
Parts on Map	2140
Internal Parts	317
Flow	925
Mechanical	124
Thermal	592
Control	816

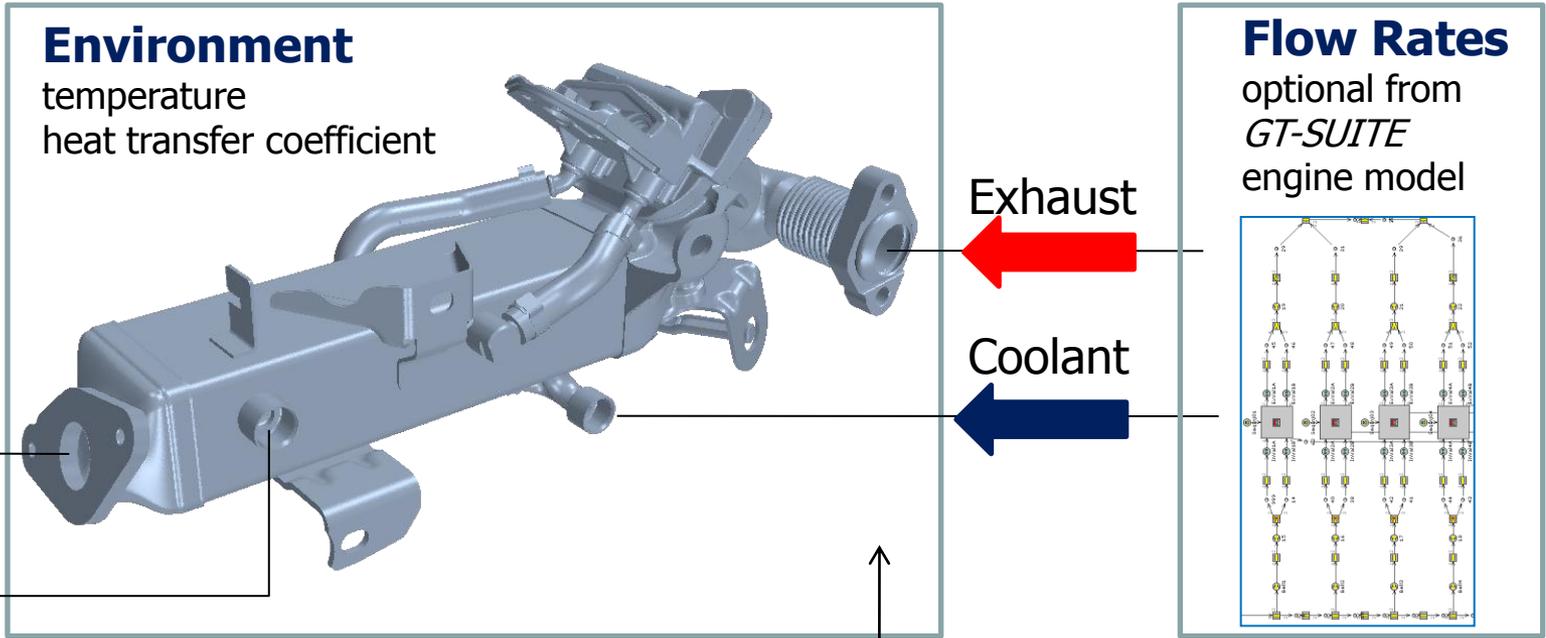
Virtual Bench Testing to Populate GT Objects

How to speed up the virtual creation process ?



Virtual Bench Testing to Populate GT Objects

Test Rig Set-Up for an EGR Cooler Module

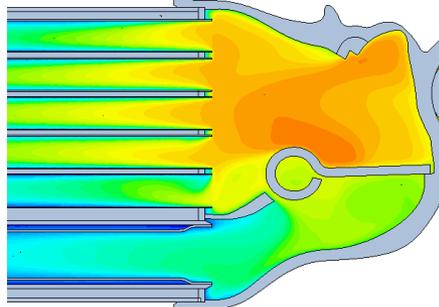


Model Set-Up with  **STAR-CCM+**

- Thermal Fluid/Structure Coupling
- Full details of pipes or fin/plates
- EGR valve cooling and flow leakage at by-pass flap included

Additional Boundary Conditions

- Flap position for bypass-flow
- EGR valve position



The diagram shows a cross-sectional view of the EGR cooler module with a color-coded thermal analysis. The color scale ranges from blue (cooler) to red (warmer), indicating the temperature distribution within the module.

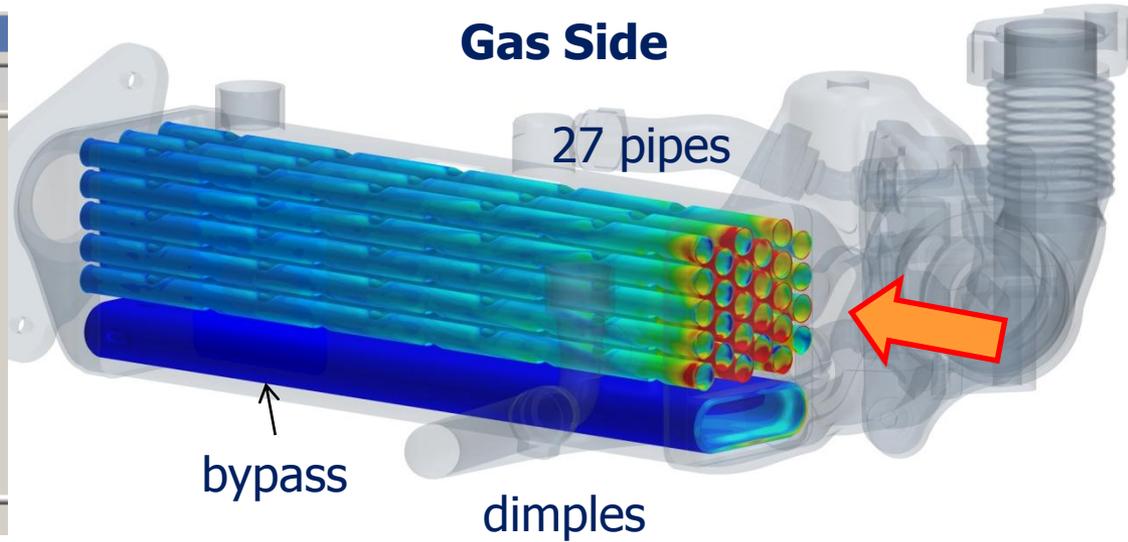
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Pipe Bundle EGR Cooler Module

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Edit Object: EGR_Geom		
Template: HxGeneral		
Attribute	Unit	Object V...
Reference Length	mm	7.5 ...
Heat Transfer Area (One Tube)	mm ²	5066 ...
Flow Area (One Tube)	mm ²	44.18 ...
Volume of Fluid	liter	0.2565 ...
Fraction of Volume in Heat Exchanger Core		0.8
Number of Identical Tubes in Heat Exchanger Core		27
Inlet Pipe Reference Diameter	mm	25 ...
Outlet Pipe Reference Diameter	mm	25 ...

HxType: Internal (Master) External (Slave) Structural Material

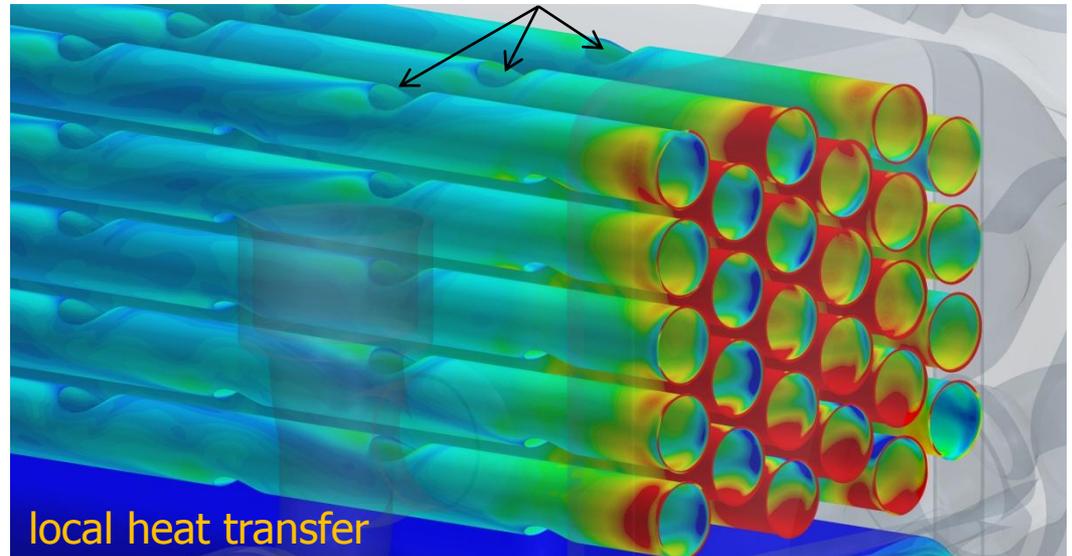


for discretized HX use only 1 pipe:

Fraction of Volume in Heat Exchanger Core		1
Number of Identical Tubes in Heat Exchanger Core		1

- dimple design by InDesA to enhance heat transfer through turbulence

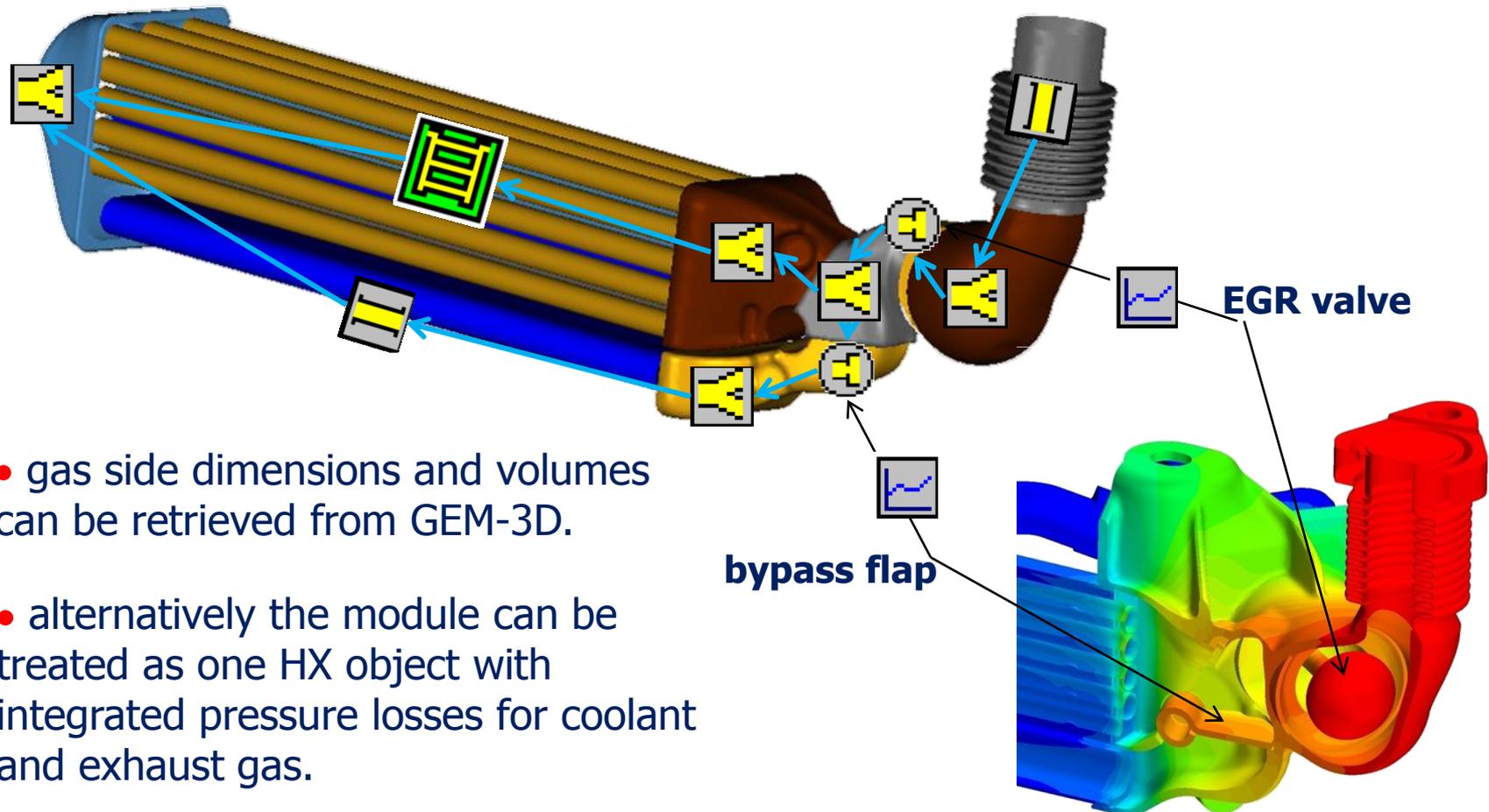
⇒ only turbulent flow



Virtual Bench Testing to Populate GT Objects

Decomposition of EGR Cooler with GEM3D

Gas Side Decomposition of Cooler Module with GEM 3D



- gas side dimensions and volumes can be retrieved from GEM-3D.
- alternatively the module can be treated as one HX object with integrated pressure losses for coolant and exhaust gas.

Virtual Bench Testing to Populate GT Objects

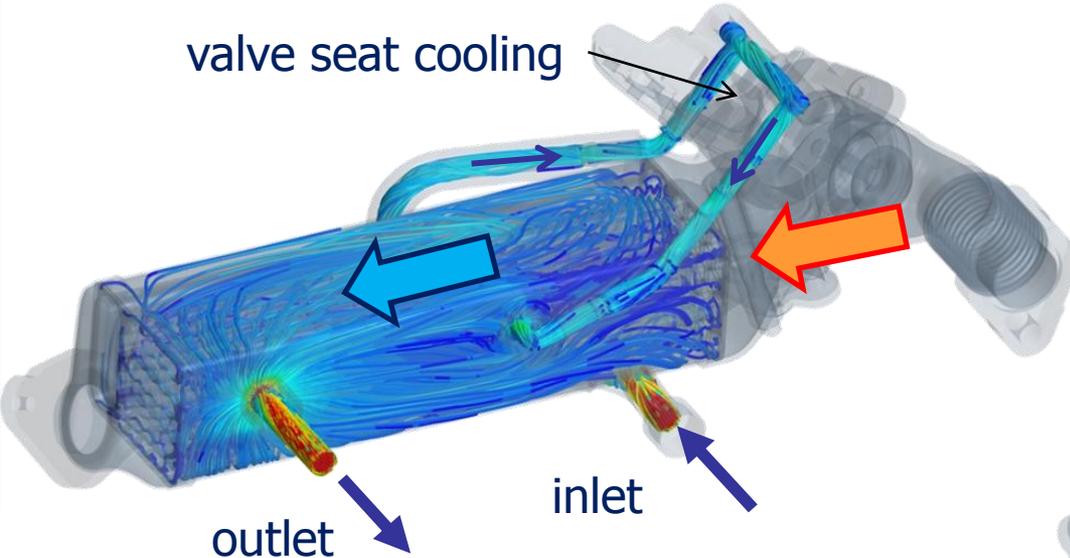
Coolant Flow through EGR Cooler Module

Coolant Side

Heat Exchanger Type:
parallel flow with some cross flow

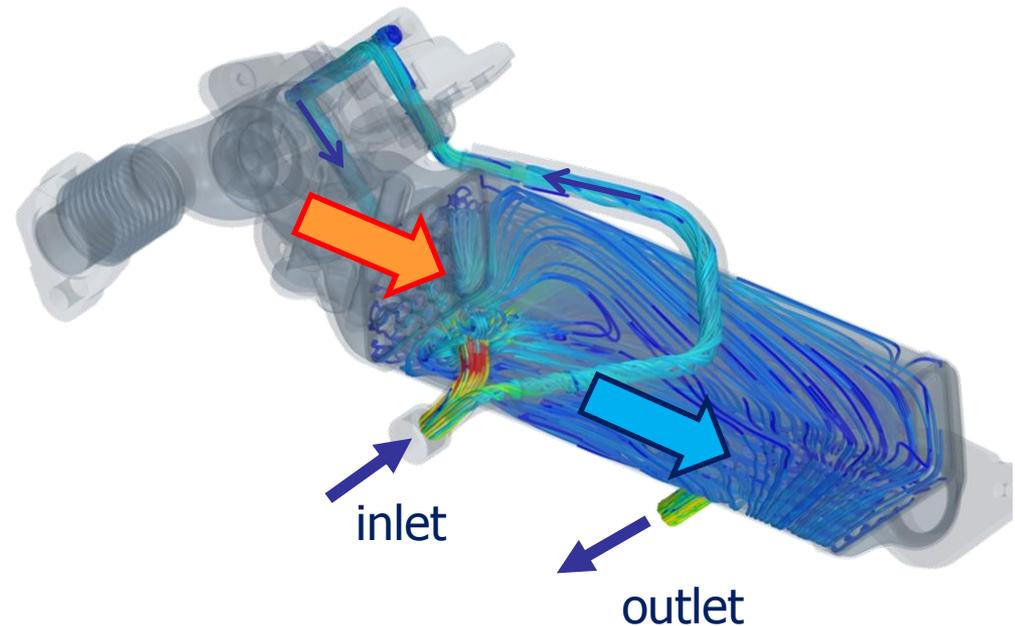


valve seat cooling



- most EGR coolers are designed as parallel flow heat exchanger due to cooling requirements at the hot end (→ e.g. valve seat cooling).

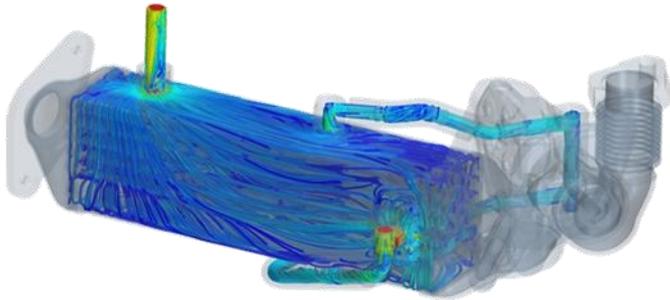
- some cross flow is involved at the coolant inlet and outlet or due to baffles placed in the water jacket.



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Test Rig Results for an EGR Cooler

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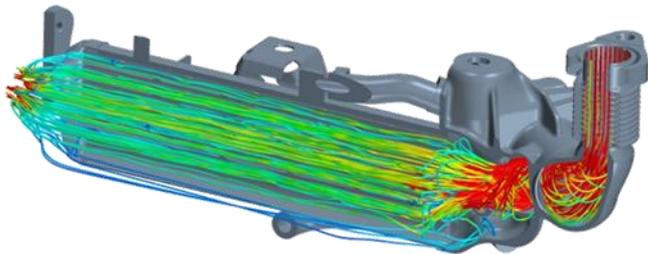
Coolant

- temperatures
- **pressure loss**
- onset of boiling
- volume flow rates
- flow uniformity



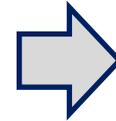
Pressure Loss

$$\Delta p ; \alpha$$



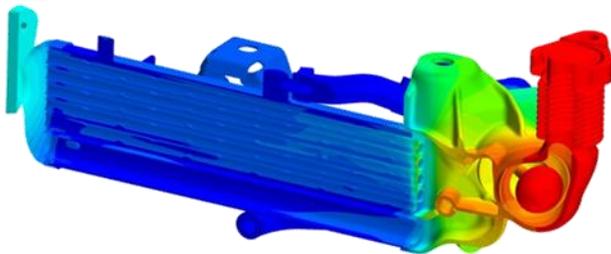
Exhaust

- outlet temperature
- **pressure loss**
- force on flap
- flow leakage



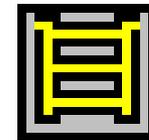
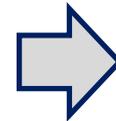
Pressure Loss

$$\Delta p ; \alpha$$



Structure

- temperatures
esp. valve seat
- **heat transfer**



Nusselt Correlation

$$Nu = f(Re, Pr)$$

GT  **heat exchanger object:** 

Virtual Bench Testing to Populate GT Objects

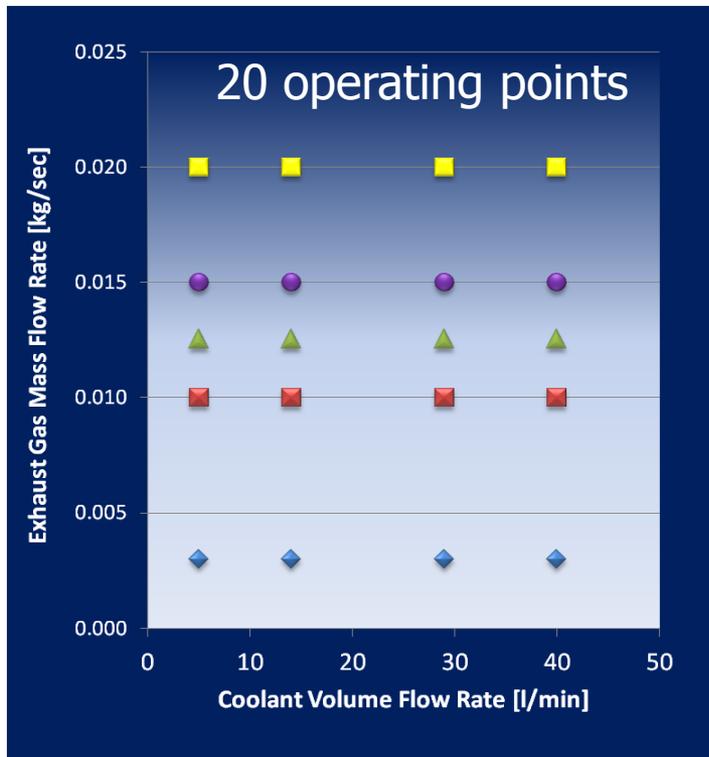
The InDesA Virtual Test Rig

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Parallel Cluster with 112 Nodes

(14 Blades, each with 2 Intel Xeon/Nehalem Quad-Core Processors and InfiniBand Switch, Integrated Storage Area Network)

- compute time: 1 day for 14 steady flow operating points *)

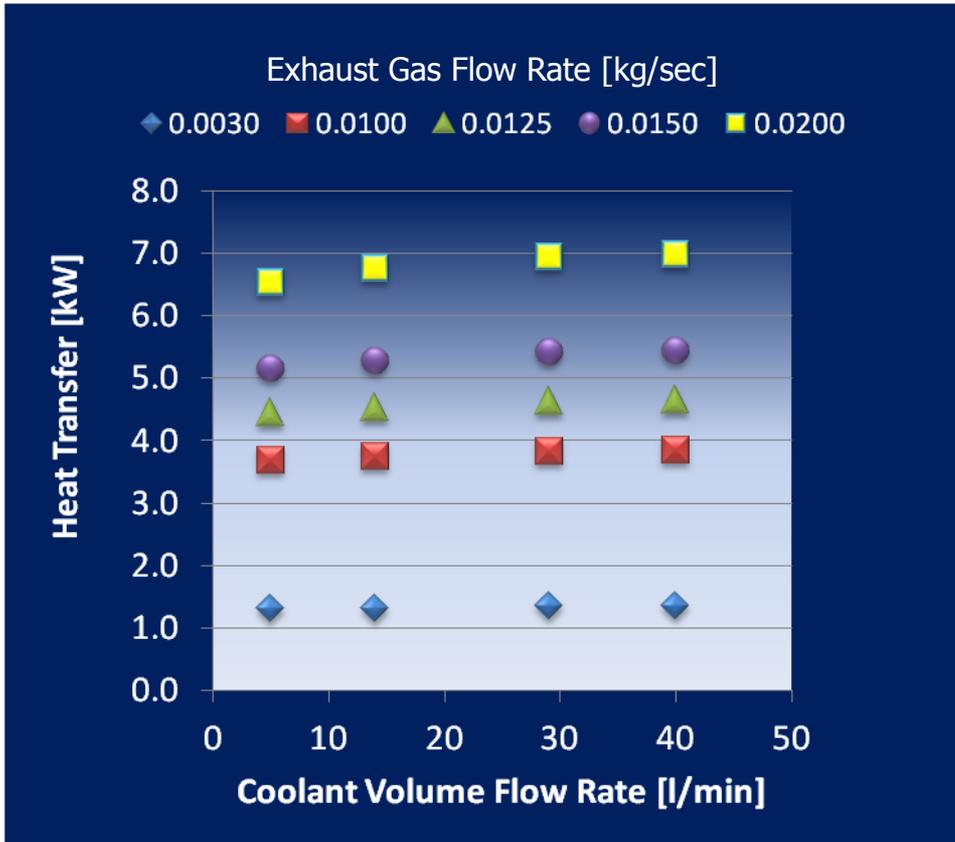
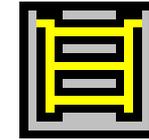


*) for STAR-CCM+ model with 14 million cells



Virtual Bench Testing to Populate GT Objects

Virtual Test Rig Results & Transfer to GT-SUITE



Edit Object: EGR_HT_Data							
Template: HxNuMap							
Attri...	Internal Inlet Temperature	Internal Inlet Pressure	Internal Flow Quantity	External Inlet Temperature	External Inlet Pressure	External Flow Quantity	Performance Quantity
Unit	degC	bar		degC	bar		
1	550	def	0.003	90	def	5	1315.9
2	550		0.01	90		5	3698
3	550		0.0125	90		5	4442.8
4	550		0.015	90		5	5159.3
5	550		0.02	90		5	6547.9
6	550		0.003	90		14	1315.3
7	550		0.01	90		14	3755.3
8	550		0.0125	90		14	4531.2
9	550		0.015	90		14	5281.8
10	550		0.02	90		14	6756.7
11	550		0.003	90		29	1346.5
12	550		0.01	90		29	3834
13	550		0.0125	90		29	4635.5
14	550		0.015	90		29	5416
15	550		0.02	90		29	6953
16	550		0.003	90		40	1346.8
17	550		0.01	90		40	3844.4
18	550		0.0125	90		40	4651.5
19	550		0.015	90		40	5437.6
20	550		0.02	90		40	6992.3

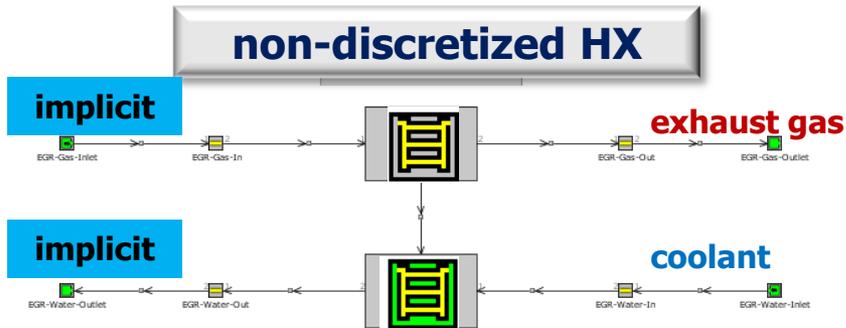
gas inlet temperature: 550°C
 coolant inlet temperature: 90°C

Prediction Fidelity:

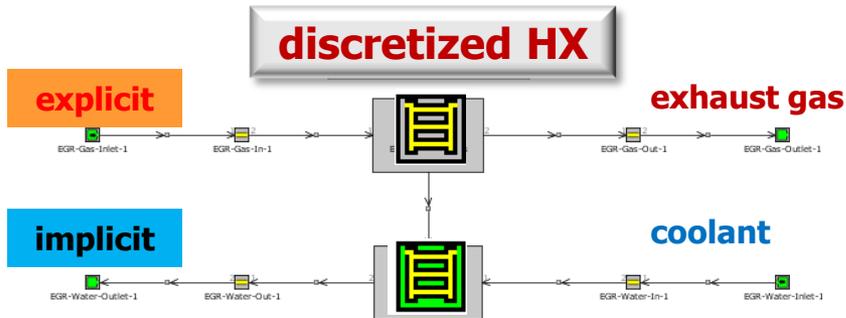
InDesA has computed over 30 different EGR coolers of various designs. Prediction accuracy has been checked and approved by supplier, e.g. at the Automotive Research Experiment Station / Michigan State University. Accuracy of simulation lies within test bench accuracy of 2-3 % for the heat transfer rate.

Virtual Bench Testing to Populate GT Objects

Virtual Test Rig Results & Transfer to GT-SUITE

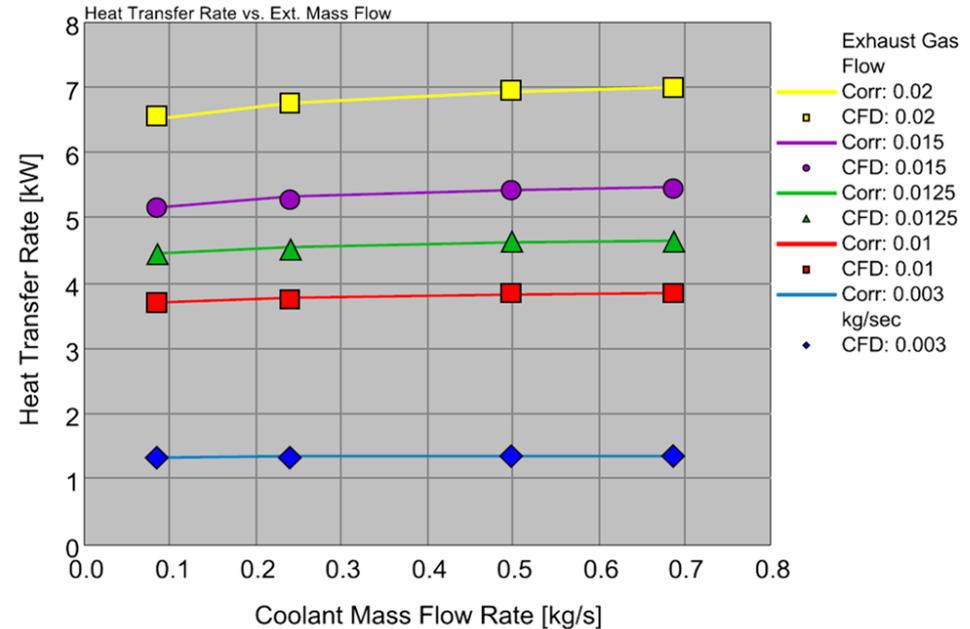


REGRESSION ACCURACY OF OVERALL HEAT TRANSFER
 Mean Relative Error (%) = 0.323259



REGRESSION ACCURACY OF OVERALL HEAT TRANSFER
 Mean Relative Error (%) = 0.415198

Nu Correlation



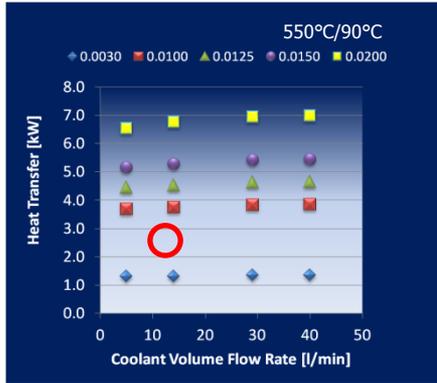
- excellent agreement of CFD data points with GT regression for Nu-correlation from low to high mass flow rates.

Virtual Bench Testing to Populate GT Objects

Transient Simulation with Pulsating Flow

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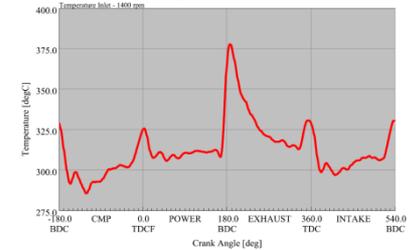
transient b.c. from GT-POWER analysis:



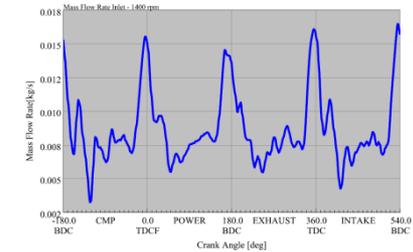
Mean flow conditions:

	Exhaust	Coolant
inlet temperature	450 °C	90°C
flow rate	5.86 g/sec	12.5 l/min
inlet pressure	1.8 bar	2 bar

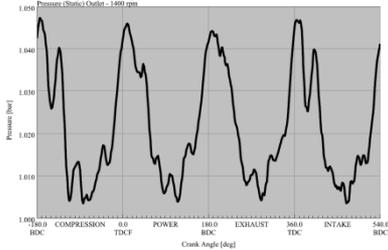
temperature



mass flow rate

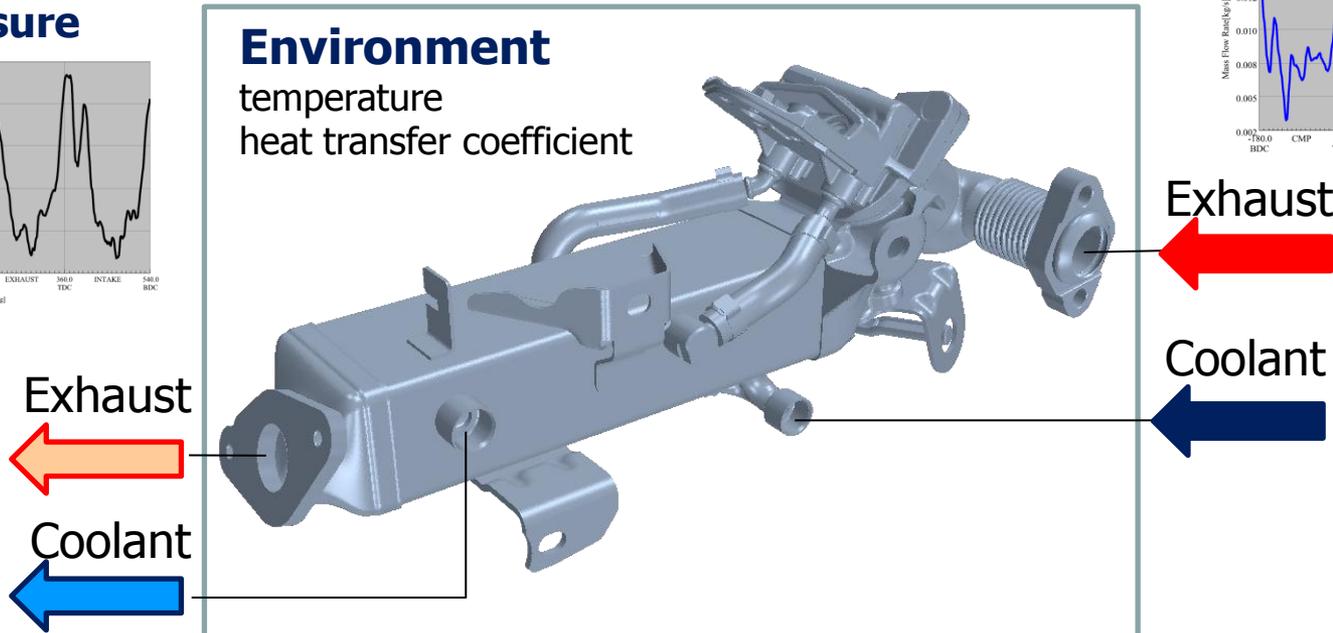


pressure



Environment

temperature
 heat transfer coefficient



Virtual Bench Testing to Populate GT Objects

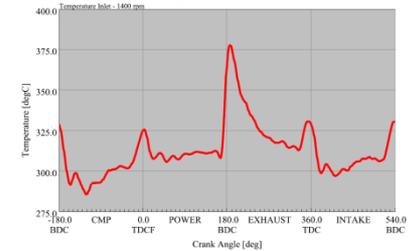
Transient Simulation with Pulsating Flow

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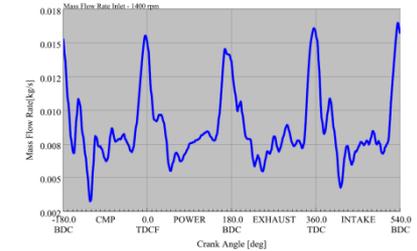
CFD Results after 10 cycles	stationary simulation	transient simulation	enhancement factor
heat transfer rate	1.82 kW	1.96 kW	1.08
pressure loss	534 Pa	841 Pa	1.57

transient b.c. from GT-POWER analysis:

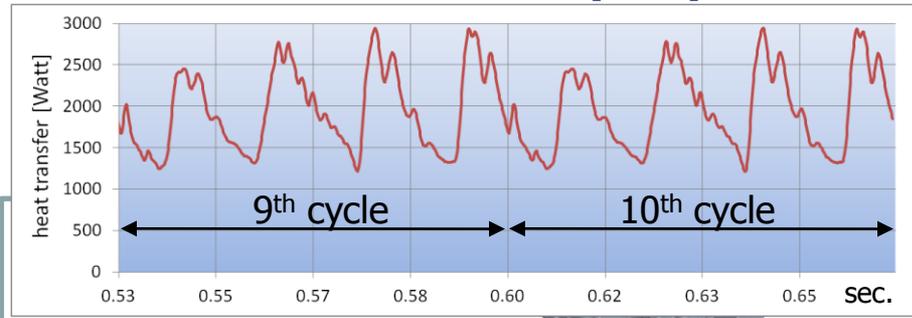
temperature



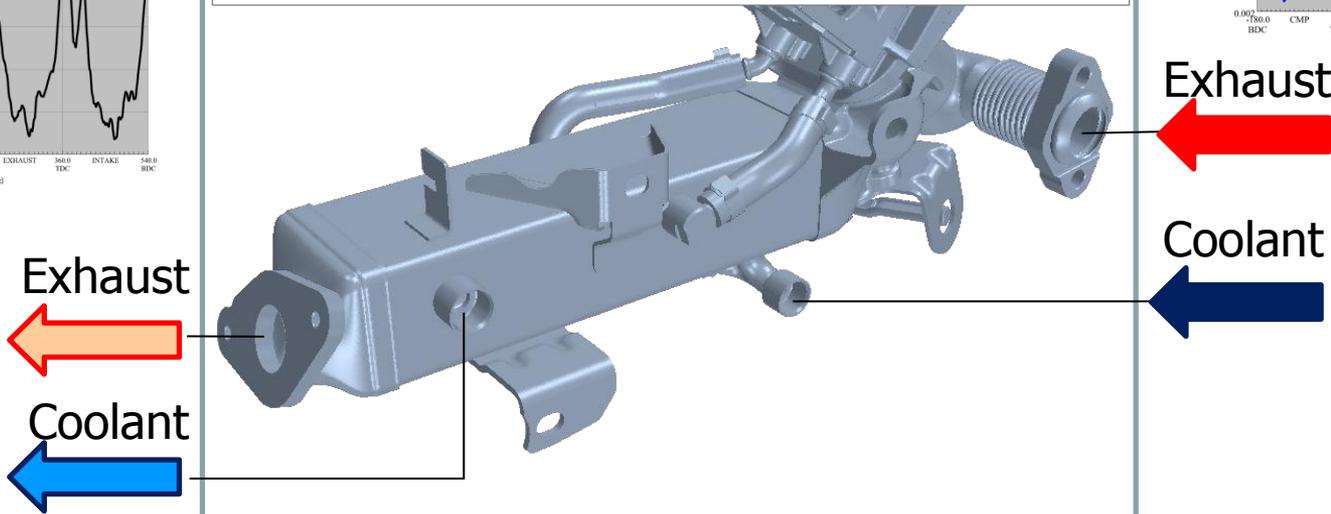
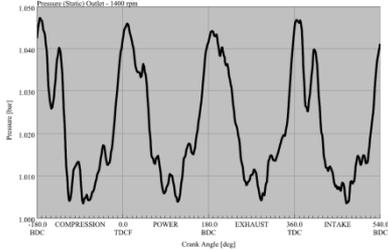
mass flow rate



heat transfer (CFD)



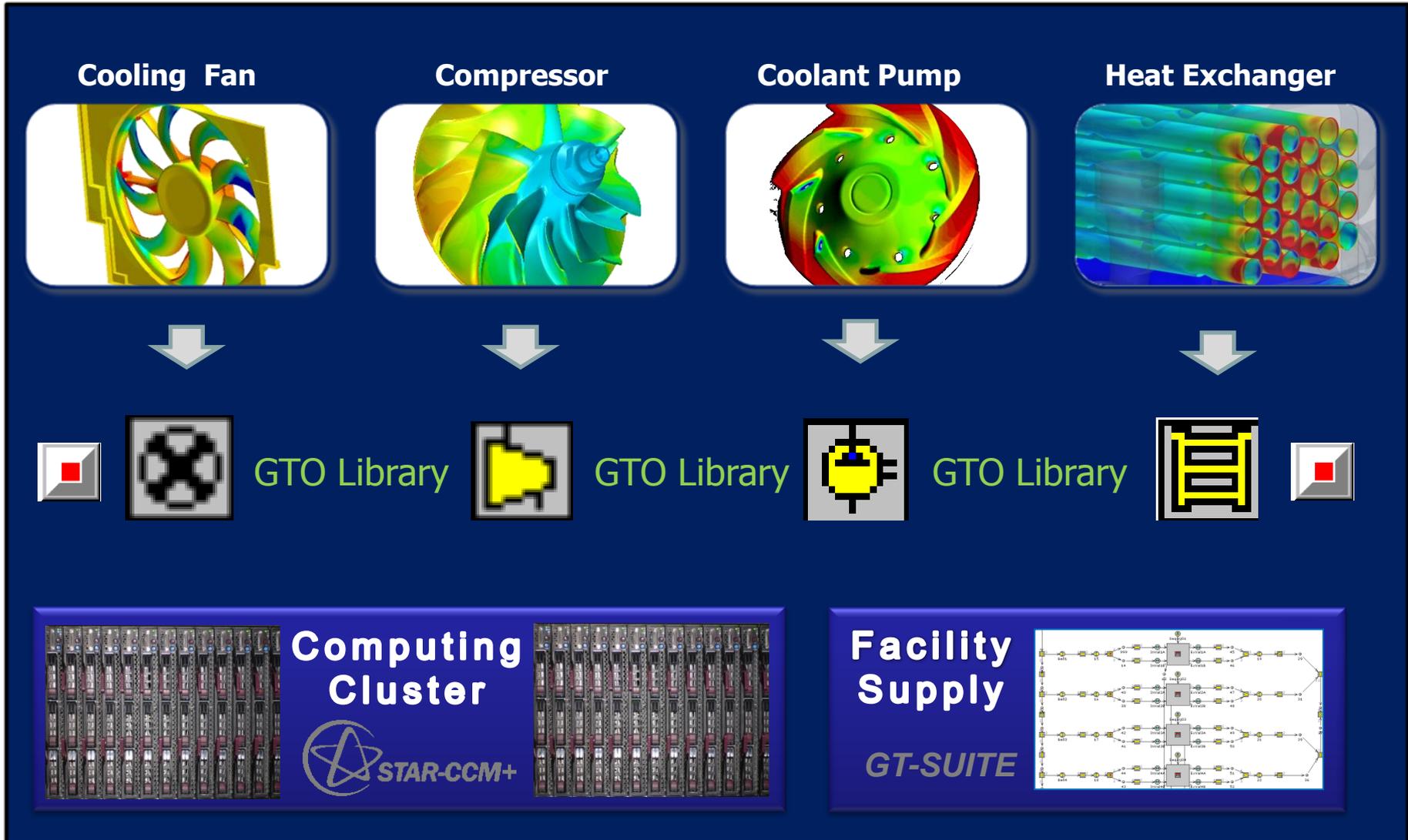
pressure



Virtual Bench Testing to Populate GT Objects

Capability of the InDesA Test Facility Center

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Virtual Bench Testing to Populate GT Objects

Conclusion

Standardized Virtual Bench Testing

... significantly speeds up the virtual creation process between supplier and OEM at lower costs.

👍 no need for prototypes and physical bench testing

... feeds OEM directly with populated and tested objects for GTO-Library

👍 complementary use of 3D CFD and GT-SUITE and Post-Processing

... enhances input data for GT-SUITE Pre-Processing

👍 virtual test data fit very well with Nu-Correlation

... is capable to predict heat transfer for pulsating flow.

👍 complementary use of 3D CFD and GT-POWER

besides ...

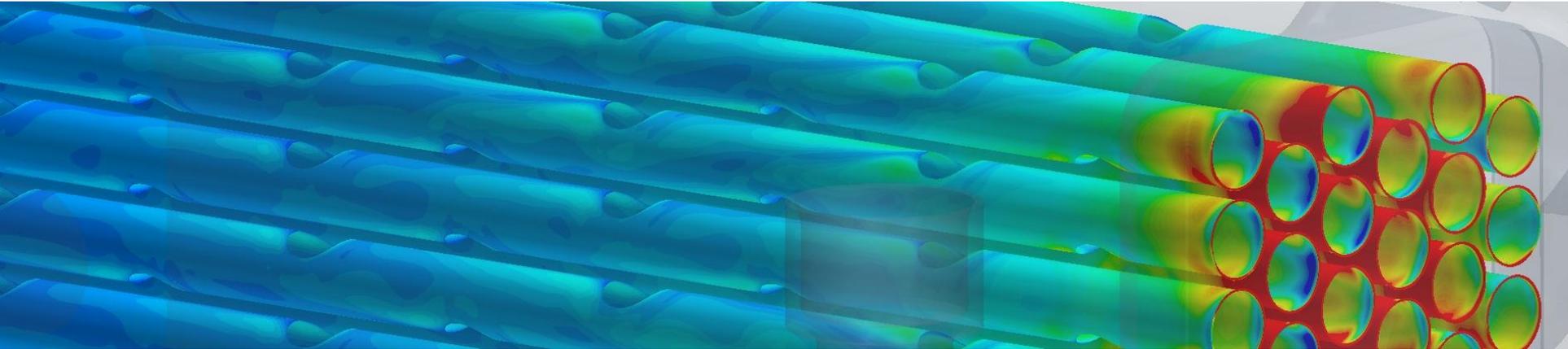
the virtual test bench can be packed, stored and reproduced anytime.



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Thank you for your attention.